located in the cargo area or individual pieces of firefighting equipment.

[CGD 74-127, 41 FR 3843, Jan. 26, 1976]

# § 30.10-20 Deadweight or DWT—TB/ALL.

The term deadweight or DWT means the difference in metric tons between the lightweight displacement and the total displacement of a vessel measured in water of specific gravity 1.025 at the load waterline corresponding to the summer freeboard assigned according to 46 CFR, subchapter E.

[CGD 74-127, 41 FR 3843, Jan. 26, 1976]

#### § 30.10-21 Flammable or inflammable— TB/ALL.

The words flammable and inflammable are interchangeable or synonymous terms for the purpose of the regulations in this subchapter.

## § 30.10-22 Flammable liquid—TB/ALL.

The term *flammable liquid* means any liquid which gives off flammable vapors (as determined by flashpoint from an open-cup tester, as used for test of burning oils) at or below a temperature of 80 °F. Flammable liquids are referred to by grades as follows:

- (a) Grade A. Any flammable liquid having a Reid¹ vapor pressure of 14 pounds or more.
- (b) Grade B. Any flammable liquid having a Reid $^1$  vapor pressure under 14 pounds and over  $8\frac{1}{2}$  pounds.
- (c) Grade C. Any flammable liquid having a Reid¹ vapor pressure of 8½ pounds or less and a flashpoint of 80 °F. or below.

[CGFR 65-50, 30 FR 16657, Dec. 30, 1965, as amended by CGD 73-96, 42 FR 49023, Sept. 26, 1977; USCG-2000-7790, 65 FR 58458, Sept. 29, 2000]

### §30.10-23 Flame arrester—TB/ALL.

The term *flame arrester* means any device or assembly of a cellular, tubular, pressure, or other type used for preventing the passage of flames into enclosed spaces.

## § 30.10-25 Flame screen—TB/ALL.

The term flame screen means a fitted single screen of corrosion-resistant wire of at least 30 by 30 mesh, or two fitted screens, both of corrosion-resistant wire, of at least 20 by 20 mesh, spaced not less than  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch or more than  $\frac{1}{2}$  inches apart.

#### §30.10-27 Flashpoint—TB/ALL.

The term *flashpoint* indicates the temperature in degrees Fahrenheit at which a liquid gives off a flammable vapor when heated in an open-cup tester. For the purpose of the regulations in this subchapter, flashpoints determined by other testing methods will be equivalent to those determined with an open-cup tester, as follows:

TABLE 30.10–27—EQUIVALENT FLASHPOINTS
[In degrees Farenheit]

Open-cup tester	Tag closed- cup tester (A.S.T.M.)	Pensky- Martens closed test- er (A.S.T.M.)
80 150	75	140

## § 30.10-29 Gas free—TB/ALL.

The term *gas free* means free from dangerous concentrations of flammable or toxic gases.

# § 30.10-31 General rules and regulations—TB/ALL.

The term *general rules and regulations* means the requirements contained in this chapter.

#### § 30.10-33 Great Lakes-TB/L.

Under this designation shall be included all tank vessels navigating the Great Lakes.

### § 30.10-35 Headquarters—TB/ALL.

The term *Headquarters* means the Office of the Commandant, U.S. Coast Guard, Washington, DC 20593-0001.

[CGFR 65-50, 30 FR 16657, Dec. 30, 1965, as amended by CGFR 68-32, 33 FR 5712, Apr. 12, 1968; CGD 88-070, 53 FR 34533, Sept. 7, 1988]

## § 30.10-37 Keel laying date—TB/ALL.

The term *keel laying date* means the date upon which progressive construction identifiable with a specific vessel

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>American Society for Testing Materials Standard D 323 (incorporated by reference, see §30.01-3), Method of Test for Vapor Pressure of Petroleum Products (Reid Method).